Entering Foreign Currency Receipts

Step 1: Start a Foreign Currency Batch

Receipts with the same currency rate type and rates should be grouped together and batched separately.

Navigate: Receipts → Receipt Batches

When creating a foreign currency receipt batch, it is vital to select the correct Batch Source to ensure that the receipts will be applied to the correct bank account.

This allows the Cash Management section of the Finance Division to match your receipts to the income in the bank account.

- **Batch Number** Use the same naming convention as you would do with a sterling receipt batch (refer to Entering a Receipt Batch) but add the currency type after the date e.g. AG/05/01/10/USD/01.

- **Batch Source** Select the appropriate batch source for your currency from the list of values. The system will then automatically default in the correct bank details for this transaction. For Euros select Euro Manual Receipts and for USD select USD Manual Receipts.
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- **Currency Field** will automatically populate once the correct batch source has been entered.

- **Control Count** Enter the number of receipts (remember they must be of the same currency).

- **Control Amount** Enter the accumulated total of the receipt values.

When changing the batch source, you may be prompted to select an exchange rate - select Corporate Rate type from the pop-up menu. If you require a different rate to that of the corporate one then please contact the **AR Helpdesk** on **UFS_AR@admin.cam.ac.uk** or telephone (7)66888.

**Step 2: Receipts Summary**

Here we enter the details of each individual receipt that is going in to the batch. Each receipt will have its own receipt name. There is a naming convention for each receipt within the batch which is similar to the batch name. Complete the fields below as the image show:

- **Receipt Number** The naming convention is as follows  
  **DD/Initials/DD/MM/YY/Currency/Batch Unique no./Receipt Unique no.** e.g. **AG/AK/13/01/14/USD/02/01**

- **Type** Select **Standard** to link receipts to invoices.
  - **Receipt Date** will default in based on the batch date you selected in the batch header.
  - **Currency** will default in based on the currency selected in the batch header.

- **Receipt Amount** Enter the value of the receipt you are entering.

- **Click on Open.**
Step 3: Linking the Receipt to the Invoice

Now the batch and receipt have been created, the receipt now needs to be linked to the invoice. The majority of details will be defaulted in from the information entered in the batch header and receipts summary screen.

To match the receipt to the invoice, see the steps below:

a) Enter either the invoice number in the **Trans Number** or the customer details in the **Customer Name or Number** field.

b) **Comments** – This is a free text field. If you receive a cheque payment you must enter the cheque number and payee name and if it is a BACS payment then you must enter the line number, date and value of payment receipting.

c) Click on **Apply**.

You will now be in the **Applications** screen where it will populate details of the transaction you are applying the receipt to. The following fields will be displayed.
Apply to

Defaults in with the transaction number you have entered in the receipts screen. However if you only entered the customer details in the receipts screen click on the list of values and select the correct transaction you wish to match to the invoice.

- Instalment will default in.
- Apply Date will default in.

Amount Applied

The value of the payment you are applying against the invoice. This can be changed if full payment has not been received therefore a balance will remain outstanding.

- Discount a value of 0.00 will default in.
- Balance Due is the amount outstanding if there is a difference between invoice and receipt.

Click on the Save icon

Should the receipt cover more than one invoice, complete the steps above and then click in to the line below or press arrow down key and repeat steps.

When a sales invoice is raised in a foreign currency and the receipt is in the foreign currency, CUFS will calculate any exchange rate gain/loss by looking at the Sterling equivalent of the original sales invoice and comparing it to the sterling equivalent of the receipt being entered. Any gain/loss will be highlighted in the Exchange Gain/Loss field.

If you raised the sales invoice in sterling and you have been paid in a foreign currency or vice versa, then please refer to guidance on Cross Currency receipting.